Patrizia Massner

ADDRESS

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Johns Hopkins Carey Business School 100 International Drive Baltimore MD 21202 Citizenship: Germany Born in 1994

RESEARCH FIELDS

Primary: Labor Economics

Secondary: Public Economics, Health Economics

CURRENT POSITION

Johns Hopkins Carey Business School

August 2025–

Postdoctoral Scholar

EDUCATION

Institute for International Economic Studies, Stockholm University PhD in Economics	2019 - 2025
Harvard University Visiting Student, Host: Claudia Goldin	2022 - 2023
University of Bonn MSc in Economics, Exchange semester: Korea University	2016 - 2019
University of Mannheim	2012 - 2016

BSc in Economics, Exchange semester: Tsinghua University

JOB MARKET PAPER

Should Elder Care be Subsidized? Theory and Evidence from Sweden (with Jens Wikström) [pdf]

Abstract: This paper examines how subsidies for formal elder (long-term) care services impact the economic and health outcomes of both seniors and their adult children, who often function as informal caregivers to their old-age parents. We exploit a reform in Sweden in 2002 lowering the fee for elder care services by 40% on average across two-thirds of Sweden's municipalities. Using new data on these fees, combined with administrative data in a difference-in-differences design, we find that increases in the take-up of formal elder care go along with both reductions in hospitalizations among affected seniors and increases in the labor supply of their adult children. Seniors benefit from significant improvements in morbidity, due to fewer hospitalizations for conditions preventable or treatable outside of the hospital. At the same time, adult children increase their annual earnings, which suggests a trade-off between informal caregiving

and working depending on the price of formal care. We show that these effects are persistent as adult children keep working in less flexible, but higher-paying jobs, also after the parental care responsibilities have ended. To assess the welfare implications, we build a stylized model that incorporates formal and informal caregiving. We show that the implicit optimal subsidy balances the value created from insuring parents against substantial permanent health shocks and the costs on the children of raising taxes to finance the subsidy. Combining the theory with the empirical results, we find that subsidizing elder care becomes self-financing within a decade of implementation. This demonstrates that the benefits of improved health management and spillovers on adult children can outweigh the direct costs of subsidizing elder care.

WORKING PAPERS

Who Can Have It All? The Invisible Cost of Upward Mobility (with Arash Nekoei)

Abstract: The standard definition of intergenerational mobility—correlation of outcomes across generations—ignores the costs of achieving these outcomes. We show that cost dependence on parental background creates a gap between outcome and welfare mobility. In our theoretical model, agents spend their time at work or with their families. The cost of a career is thus the option value of time due to a career-family tradeoff. We show that if the tradeoff is more severe for those from disadvantaged backgrounds, income mobility overestimates welfare mobility. Empirically, Swedish administrative data shows that, indeed, to reach higher income, individuals with low-income parents sacrifice more of their family life. They have fewer children and spend less time with them than those with high-income parents. The mechanism is hard-earned vs. guided success: To reach high income, those from lower-income backgrounds typically study longer but in less lucrative fields, possess higher cognitive and non-cognitive skills, and start their careers later at lower-paying firms but more frequently change jobs and make larger leaps on the job ladder.

Employer Labor Market Power and Working Hours: Evidence from Swedish Layoffs (with Jakob Beuschlein) [pdf]

Abstract: Many part-time workers report a preference for increasing their working hours at the current wage rate. This paper analyzes the role that firm labor market power plays in shaping this involuntary part-time employment in Sweden. We use an identification strategy based on part-time workers who experience an increase in local labor market concentration caused by a large layoff event at another firm within the same labor market. We compare these workers to unaffected colleagues in different occupations within the same plant. Our findings reveal that increased labor market concentration substantially reduces wages and working hours. At the same time their employers increase employment on the extensive margin. To explain these findings, we present evidence that, unlike full-time workers, part-time workers' productivity falls in weekly working hours. Thus, employers face incentives to increase production by expanding employment on the extensive margin, rather than by raising hours of part-time workers. These findings suggest that firm labor market power contributes to involuntary part-time employment.

WORK IN PROGRESS

- Perceived Abilities & Career Sorting (with Shubhaa Bhattacharyya, Andrew Proctor)
- Remote Work

• Fewer Kids, More School: Evidence from the Early 20th Century U.S. Birth Control Movement (with Savannah Noray)

AWARDS AND GRANTS

ECB Forum Finalist of the ECB Young Economist Prize	2025
Policy Impacts Early-Career Scholars Research Grant with Jens Wikström (USD 20,000)	2023
Carl Mannerfelt Foundation Research & travel grant (SEK 24,000)	2023
Institute for Evaluation of Labour Market and Education Policy (IFAU) Research grant with Shubhaa Bhattacharyya and Andrew Proctor (SEK 448,000)	2022
Jan Wallander and Tom Hedelius Stiftelse Research stipend for one academic year abroad (SEK 500,000)	2020
University of Bonn Award for outstanding teaching performance	2018
Bain & Company Scholarship for an exchange semester	2017
TEACHING	
Econometrics, Stockholm University (MSc Banking & Finance) Evaluation result: 4.2/5	2020
Statistics B, University of Bonn (BSc Economics) Evaluation result: 1.2/1	2018

PRESENTATIONS

- 2025: Humboldt University Berlin, LMU Munich, CERGE-EI, Johns Hopkins Carey Business School, Imperial College London, NBER Spring Meetings: Public Economics*, Inequalities and opportunities: insights into wealth, income and education disparities workshop, ECB Forum in Sintra (poster), University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Finnish Health EconomicsSeminar Series (FINHESS)
- **2024:** CEPR Economics of Longevity and Ageing, Policy Impacts Annual Conference, University of Mannheim, LTC seminar OECD
- 2023: NBER Summer Institute: Aging, Harvard University Labor Lunch, Harvard University PE Tea, LMU Munich Public PhD Workshop, PhD workshop SUDSWEC, UCL, Nordic Public Policy Symposium, CEPR Paris Symposium (*Poster*)
- **2022:** ENTER Jamboree Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (*discussant*), Harvard University PE Tea

^{*}presented by coauthor

PROFESSIONAL SERVICE

Refereeing: Journal of Public Economics

Departmental service: Co-organizer of the seminar series Labor Fika 2021/22

REFERENCES

Arash Nekoei (Main Advisor)

arash.nekoei@iies.su.se

Associate Professor of Economics Institute for International Economic Studies Stockholm University

Torsten Persson

torsten.persson@iies.su.se

Swedish Research Council Distinguished Professor Institute for International Economic Studies Stockholm University

Claudia Goldin

cgoldin@harvard.edu

Henry Lee Professor of Economics Department of Economics Harvard University

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Institute for Applied Microeconomics, University of Bonn

2019

Research assistant for Thomas Dohmen

Institute of Labor Economics (IZA)

2016 - 2019

Research assistant for Ulf Rinne

Deutsche Bundesbank

2016

Intern, Department of Payment and Settlement Systems

Center for European Economic Research (ZEW)

2015 - 2016

Research assistant, Department of International Distribution and Redistribution

OTHER EMPLOYMENT

Bain & Company

2018

Consultant intern

European Parliament

2014

Intern, Department of Economic & Monetary Affairs

Commerzbank

2014

Intern, Department of Corporates & Markets

COMPUTER SKILLS AND LANGUAGES

Programming and software: Stata, Python, R, \LaTeX , Git

Languages: German (Native), English (Fluent)

Last updated: July 19, 2025